## Aquatic animals recorded, or suspected, in San Juan County: amphibians and turtles

	Common name	Scientific name	Status	Foraging habitat	Egg-laying habitat
Terrestrial salamanders <sup>1</sup>	Oregon ensatina	Ensatina eschscholtzii		Humid forest, wooded wetlands	Burrows in deep soils
	Western redback	Plethodon vehiculum		Humid forest	Under logs and rocks
Aquatic salamanders	Rough-skinned newt	Taricha granulosa		Forest, open woodland, farms	Vegetated ponds/lakes
	Northwestern salamander	Ambystoma gracilis	3	Humid forests	Seasonal/shallow ponds
	Long-toed salamander	Ambystoma macrodactylis	3	Forests, open woodland, meadows	Seasonal pools, lake edge
	Torrent salamander	Rhyacotriton olympicus	2B	Cold springs and streams	Springs, seeps, pools
Frogs	Pacific tree frog	Hyla (Pseudacris) regilla		Marshes, wooded wetlands	Seasonal pools, ponds
	Red-legged frog	Rana aurora	3	Humid forest, wooded wetlands	Shady ponds/lake edges
	Cascade frog	Rana cascadae	2C	Moist mountain forest, meadows	Bogs, cold ponds
	Tailed frog	Acaphus truei	2B	Cold forest streams	Under stream cobbles
	Bullfrog*	Rana catesbeiana		Warm sunny ponds	Warm ponds
Toads	Western toad	Bufo boreas	2B	Open forest and meadows	Ponds, lake edges
Turtles	Western pond turtle <sup>2</sup>	Clemmys marmorata	1	Ponds and lakes	Upland soil burrows
	Western painted turtle* <sup>3</sup>	Chrysemys picta		Lakes, ponds, wetlands, creeks	Upland soil burrows
	Pond (red-eared) slider*	Trachymys scripta		Vegetated ponds and lakes	Upland soil burrows

## Bold=documented current presence, Shaded=introduced, \*=Invasive

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1. Terrestrial salamanders occupy water only for breeding, laying eggs, and larval rearing.

2. Known historically from San Juan County to 1984 but not subsequently documented.

3. Native to Washington State but not to the Puget Lowlands or islands, where it was introduced in the 1950s.

Status codes:

1=Listed under the Federal Endangered Species Act

2=Special status under Washington State law (A=species of concern, B=state candidate, C=monitored)

3=Locally scarce or endangered within San Juan County

	Common name	Scientific name	Status	Foraging habitat	Reproductive habitat
Salmonids	<b>Coastal cutthroat trout</b> <sup>4</sup>	Oncorhynchus clarki clarki	2B,3	Cold streams, ponds, marine	Stream riffles
	<b>Rainbow trout (steelhead)</b> <sup>5</sup>	Oncorhynchus mykiss	1	Cold streams, lakes, ponds	Stream riffles
	Chum salmon <sup>5</sup>	Oncorhynchus keta	1	Estuarine and marine	Stream riffles
	Coho salmon <sup>5</sup>	Oncorhynchus kisutch	1	Estuarine and marine	Stream riffles
	Brook trout**	Salvelinus fontinalis		Streams and ponds	Stream riffles
Sunfish	Largemouth Bass**	Micropterus salmoides		Shallow vegetated lakes or ponds	Soft lake shallows
	Smallmouth bass**	Micropteris dolomieui		Shallow lakes, ponds or sloughs	Soft lake shallows
	Bluegill*	Lepomis macrochirus		Shallow vegetated lakes or ponds	Soft lake shallows
	Pumpkinseed*	Lepomis gibbosus		Shallow vegetated lakes or ponds	Soft lake bottoms
Other fish	Carp**	Cyprinus carpio		Warm still lakes and ponds	Warm shallows
	Three-spine stickleback	Gasterosteus aculeatus		Vegetated estuaries or streams	Vegetated shallows
	Sculpins	Cottus spp	3	Cold streams, pools, falls	Rocks and cobbles
Snakes	Northwestern garter snake	Thamnophis ordinoides		Ponds, wetlands, forest, meadows	Viviparous (burrows)
	Wandering garter snake	Thamnophis elegans vagrans		Pools, ponds, wetlands, forest	Viviparous (burrows)
Mammals	<b>Beaver</b> <sup>6</sup>	Castor canadensis	3	Wetlands (aspen, alder, willow)	Constructed ponds
	Muskrat	Ondatra zibethicus	3	Sloughs, lakes, marshes, streams	Streambank dens
	Mink <sup>7</sup>	Mustela vison		Shorelines, streams, wetlands	Shoreline burrows
	Northern river otter	Lontra Canadensis		Shorelines, estuaries, streams	Shoreline burrows <sup>8</sup>
	Northern racoon	Procyon lotor		Forests and farms near water	Tree cavities <sup>8</sup>
	Bats	At least 5 species		Wetlands, ponds, wet meadows	Caves, cavities, barns

## Other aquatic and water-associated animals recorded, or suspected, in San Juan County

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4. Native, but some San Juan County populations may include some hatchery fish.

5. Older fishermen report both native and introduced populations; no known wild populations at this time.

6. Functionally extirpated from San Juan County by the 1850s but known sporadically to re-colonize the islands.
7. Probably functionally extirpated from SJC in the 19<sup>th</sup> century but re-introduced by fur farms and released in the mid-20<sup>th</sup> century.

8. These species are especially likely to occupy shoreline buildings and docks when available.